Native Trees and Shrubs
Plant for pollinators, clean water, and our earth

**Trees:**
- Black cherry
- Wild plum
- Oak
- Black locust
- Cockspur hawthorn
- Fireberry hawthorn
- Sweet crab apple
- Pin cherry
- Serviceberries
- Chokecherry
- Pussy willow
- American basswood
- Pagoda dogwood
- Red maple
  (Female only)

**Shrubs:**
- False indigo
- Common buttonbush
- Leadplant
- Leatherleaf
- Bog labrador tea
- Bog laurel
- Prairie wild rose
- Smooth wild rose
- Dwarf bush honeysuckle
- Wolfberry
- Winterberry
- Ninebark
- Nannyberry viburnum
- Downy arrowwood
- American bladdernut
- Glossy black chokeberry

**Monarch favorite**

**RPBB favorite**

Find more info and an extended list of plants

[QR Code]

bluethumb.org/lawns-to-legumes
bwsr.state.mn.us/l2l
monarchjointventure.org
When planting a tree, consider:

- **The amount of space for the tree to grow to maturity**
  - If there are overhead power lines or a lot of trees around, plant a shorter tree species.

- **How close the tree is to your house**
  - Plant at least 10 ft away from any structure above or below the ground and watch out for your roof overhang.

- **Planting on the west side of your house**
  - This will provide late-day shade and also sun from the south side during the winter season.

- **The location of underground utilities**
  - Before digging, call Gopher State One Call to have your public utilities marked.

- **Installing a shade garden under your tree**
  - Many plants prefer some protection from the sun, so make use of the vital shade that your tree provides by creating a native shade garden.